

Thanks to vaccination, the Americas has the estimated hepatitis B infection rate in children under 5 years of age

Hepatitus B can be acute (short-term) or chronic (long term), and can cause serious complications such as liver scarring.

From mother to child during childbirth Through contact with:

Blood or other infected bodily fluids (saliva, semen and flujo vaginal and menstrual). Syringes or other instruments infected objects.



The hepatitis B vaccine is EFFECTIVE, SAFE and offers 98-100% PROTECTION against the disease and its more serious complications.

Hepatitis B vaccination of infants and children helps PREVENT mother-to-child transmission, creates COMMUNITY IMMUNITY and moves the region toward ELIMINATION of the disease.

Hepatitis vaccines include:

Pediatric and adult Pentavalent

(Against diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis, and Hib or Polio) **Hexavalent**

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